THE CONTINVATION OF OVR FORRAINE AVISOES, since the 27th of the last.

Conteining many remarkeable late passages out of the High Dutch, out of private Letters, & out of the Low Dutch: some part do follow.

The first meeting of the King of *Bohemia* with his Majesty of *Sweden* at *Soest*, not far from *Franckford*, with their mutuall Embracements, and affectionate entertainement; together with the joyfull acclamations of his Subjects vpon sight of their naturall Prince.

The truth of that which passed betwixt the forces (which passed over the *Mosell*) vnder Count *Iohn* of *Nassaw*, and the *Rhinegraue*, neare *Franckendale*.

The taking of diverse Townes, especially that of the Bishop of *Bambergh*, by *Gustavus Horne* in *Franconia*.

The great feare and distraction of the people of *Austria* and *Vienna*, by reason of the forces of the King of *Sweden*, and the Duke of *Saxony*.

The feare at *Vienna*, of being besieged, being ill provided to defend themselues.

The proceeding of the Duke of *Lunenberg*, and *Swedish* neere *Stoad*.

Many more particulars included in the Booke.

LONDON.
Printed for *Nath: Butter* and *Nicolas Bourne.*
1632.

The Continuation of our Weekely NEWES.

From Rome *the* 14. *and* 24. *of* Ianuary, 1631.

WE heare from *Naples*, that proceſſions are holden there, to giue God thankes, that that Citie is now free of the danger of the aſhes from the Mountain *Soma*, which were ſo carried by the force of the winde, that they appeared like Clouds. In *Appuleia* much Cattle are dead for want of fodder, which the aſhes ſpoyled. On munday it was here concluded in the Conſiſtory, that the Spiritualtie ſhould contribute a ſumme of money vnto the Emperour towards the warre in *Germany*: To which end alſo the great Duke will maintaine 6000. Souldiers for his Imperiall Majeſtie.

From *Spaine* we vnderſtand that his Majeſtie bendeth all his forces for *Italy* and *Germany*; And, that he may be neater thoſe Affaires, will take vp his Reſidence at *Barcelona*. He hath alſo appointed foure Millions of Gold to be paid in *Italy* and *Germany*.

From Venice 20. *and* 30. *of* Ianuary.

From *Piemont* we heare that more *Frenchmen* doe ſtill daily come into the borders of *Montferat* and *Millan*, to whom the Duke of *Savoy* giues Paſſes. Alſo we heare that the Duke of *Lorraine* hath not onely prepared divers places for the K. of *France*, that he may haue the paſſage into the *Elſas*, but alſo hath given vnto him divers men and proviſion.

From Zurich *the* 31. *of* Ianuary, 1631.

Monſieur *Mennie* Ambaſſadour from the Duke of *Roan* is arrived here, he deſireth 2000. men for defence of the paſſages, to which there will be anſwere given this next weeke.

From Berlin 23. *of* Ianuary, Feb. 2.

The *Wismarish* Garriſon is now in their March, there are aboue 3000. gone out. Amongſt which aroſe a great difference between the *Swediſh* Generall *Todt*, and Colonel *Gram*, for that *Gram* ſhot a ſervant of *Todts*, vnder pretence that he was a Spy; And, as ſome ſay, *Gram* tooke with him twelue great peices and three hundred Muſquets, more then was agreed on. Whereupon the ſaid March is ſtayed and hindered, 500. men are ſlaine and diſperſed, 2000. men haue ſubmitted themſelues, and Colonel *Gram* is carried to *Gripſwald* till he maketh ſatisfaction. In the meane time, the reſt are marched towards *Prignitz*. There are 300. men at *Perleberg*, if money and neceſſaries be not ready, not one man, ſaue onely the Officers, will come into *Sileſia*.

From *Lyons* we heare, that the Duke of *Loraine* hath beene with the King at *Metz*. But when hee vnderſtood that the King would take his journey to *Nanzi* to view the Citie, the Duke was intended to travaile thither before to entertaine the King, but the King would not ſuffer him, but commanded him to waite vpon him. Whereupon the King, together with the Duke, and one Regiment travailed towards *Nanzi*; Wherefore it is thought that he will take poſſeſſion of it, and not ſo ſoone quit it.

The King of *France* hath ſent an Ambaſſadour to the Archduke *Leopold*, to ceaſe treatie with the *Switzers*, and to lead away his Souldiers that lye in thoſe parts, and that he ſhould be more earneſt in the affaire, ſeeing the *Switzers* are entertained vpon the King of *France* his pay.

At *Schorndorff* the Ordnance and Munition, are taken away and carried to *Dimſburg*, alſo the Emperours Garriſon is ſhortly to depart from thence, from which many Souldiers ranne away, and betooke themſelues to the *Swedes*. It is ſaid that the *Swedes* haue taken in *Elwang*, and the Garriſon therein removed to *Dunkelſpiel*, whether the *Swedes* are alſo preſently to March.

From Minden *the* 5. *of* Ianuary.

The Duke of *Weymar*, Collonell *Bannier*, and *Hamilton*, are

are joyned together, they are about 20000. ſtrong, and draw neare to the *Weſer*, they haue fallen vpon ſix Companies of foote, that lay in *Damitts*, and ſlaine fortie of them, the reſt, except onely the Coulers, are taken priſoners. The Lord Marſhall of *Papenheim*, remaines ſtill with his Souldiers at the *Weſer*, about *Hammeln* and *Hexter*. Thoſe of *Brimen* haue taken *Verden* againe, and beſieged Long *Weſel*, and as ſome ſay, taken it.

The *Swediſh* troupes that lay in the Province of *Pinnenberg*, are come over the *Elbe*, & are joyned with Duke *George* of *Luneberg*, who blocked vp *Nienburg*.

Papenheym lyes in the Biſhopricke of *Hildeſheim*, Landgraue *Wilhelme* waits for him behinde, and Generall *Banier* before, *Eisfeld* is againe, eſpecially *Duderſtat*, and *Ruſſenberg* is faſt blockt vp, and it is hoped they will preſently yeeld.

From Hamborough *the* 28. *of* February.

The Duke of *Lunenburg*, who lately tooke in *Buxtehuid* for the King of *Sweden*, now beſieges *Stoad* with 15000. men; giving the Towne but two dayes to conſider of the termes of yeelding. And whereas the Prince of *Denmarke* (the ſecond brother) had with a Fleete taken the Fort of *Friburg* at the mouth of the *Elbe*, built by the *Imperialiſts*; the Duke ſending to him to know whether he did it for the King of *Sweden*, or not: the Prince the next day quit the place, which the ſayd Duke immediately tooke in.

From Regenspurgh *the* 10. *of* February.

This day 1000. *Bavarian* Souldiers are come over towards *Amburg*, they make themſelues exceeding ſtrong on this ſide, where 6000. men are to meete.

The Drumme is beaten here for his *Imperiall* Majeſtie, but few reſort to be enterteined. The Duke of *Friedland* alſo maketh himſelfe ſtrong. And the *Saxons* may haue enough to doe.

From Gravenhage *the* 10. *of* February.

A few dayes agoe an Ambaſſadour from the King of *Sweden*, called *Oxenſtern* arrived here; He had audience three dayes ſince, and to day is to haue another, what he comes a-

about is kept ſecret, yet it is reported that, amongſt other things, he admoniſhed and put the Lords States in minde, that they ſhould be timely in the field with their forces, that vpon all occaſions they might the better joyne one with another. This Ambaſſadour was enterteined at the charges of the Lords States, and lodged in their Pallace.

It is ſuppoſed that his Excellence, about the middle of *March* wil be in the field with his Armes, for there are great warlike preparations as well by Sea as by Land.

Thoſe that would haue betrayed *Schencken-sconce* are moſt of them brought to *Halſt*, a ſhort diſpute ſhall ſerue them.

From Colen 15. *of February.*

There are here at this preſent Count *Mansfield*, Count *Gronsfeld*, the Lord of *Nerſen*, and many other Commaunders and it is thought there will be a great new Levie of Souldiers on their ſide.

From Nurenberg *the* 29. *of Ianuary.*

Here the Suburbs called *Goſſenhofft* is broken downe to build Sconces there, the moſt part whereof, as alſo all the other Out-works are almoſt finiſhed; Field Marſh: *Guſtavus Horne*, who hath lately beene here, hath viewed them, which pleaſed him very well, and he hath given commaund ſpeedily to make an end of the reſt, for that they ſhould without doubt haue need of them.

From Vienna *the* 28. *of Ianuary.*

Here is great lamentation, as likewiſe all the Countrey over; For although the Officers of the Countrey haue yeelded to his *Imperiall* Majeſtie halfe the Contribution required, yet is his Majeſtie not therwith content, but will haue the whole; albeit the Commonaltie is agrieved & cannot pay the halfe. A ſiege is much feared here: and the people already beginne to betake themſelues into *Hungaria*; and his *Imperiall* Majeſtie is removed to *Gratz* and *Clagenfurt*, to make a Court-Leaguer there, to the end he may make vſe of it vpon occaſion.

Whereas his Majeſtie of *Sweden* hath ſent out Patents into all Countries, that all Merchants ſhould be ſafe and free with-

out

out queſtion of Religion, to trade and commerce this next *Lent* c *Mart*. The Emperour on the other ſide, hath cauſed a *Contra-Mandate* to be publiſhed, that every Merchant whoſoever he be that ſhall trade to *Franckfort* in the ſaid *Mart*, ſhall be proclaimed a Rebell of the Empire.

From Nurenberg *the* 3. *of February.*

At the end of the Truce, *Guſtavus Horne* with his Armie of about 18000. men went towards *Bamburg*, he ſent a Companie of foote before towards *Hochſtat*; but were in the way driven backe by thoſe of *Bamburg*, that lay in a Village neere-by vpon advantage, being about 50. men: but as ſoone as ſuccours came, they did not onely fall vpon the *Bamburgers*, and beate them backe into *Foreheim*, but alſo aſſaulted *Hochſtat* with 9. pieces of Ordnance, which the next day yeelded it ſelfe: which when the Garriſon in *Bamburg* vnderſtood, they pillaged the Towne, and forſooke it.

Horne ſtiil gathers more men together, with intent to fall into the *Upper Pfaltz*, or into *Bohemia*.

Prince *Erneſt* of *Anhalt* with 8000. of the *Saxon* Forces is riſen from *Eger*. It is ſuppoſed he will lead them againſt the Emperor, who doth much miſchiefe in the *Upper Pfaltz*, having this day burnt to aſhes a fine Village called *Mitterteich*, and tooke away from thence about 2000. head of Cattell towards *Weiden*.

His Majeſtie of *Sweden*, hath given the Count of *Solms*, that reſcued *Nurenburg*, the Earledome of *Swertzenburg*, and all that there vnto belongeth; and hath made him Generall ouer a flying Armie.

The Biſhop of *Bamberg* hath made ſuite vnto Lieutenant Generall *Schlammerſdorff*, to make interceſſion for him; but it is thought it will little availe him.

The States of the Empire are to aſſemble at *Hailbrun*, and the *Nurenburgers*, *Straſburgers*, with the halfe of *Wurtenburgers*, are to make more proviſion for their ſafetie.

From Augſburg *the* 4. *of Ianuary.*

The ſpirituall Catholicks here, haue taken away all the Church ornaments of gold and ſilver. They muſt now make a ſhift with wooden Idols.

Tilly

Tilly hath taken 13. pieces of Ordnance from the Fort of *Wilſberg*, and cauſed them to be carried to *Coſtnitz* and *Lindaw*, which will not pleaſe the *Switzers*. *Dunckelſpill* is now alſo yeelded to the *Swedes*.

From Franckford *February the* 11, 1631.

Ten thouſand *Spanyards* came lately vp from *Bruſſells* to *Triers*, and there had paſſed two Regiments ouer the *Moſell*. Vpon the rumor whereof, the *King* of *Sweden* was marching towards them with his Armye: but the *Rhinegraue* had encountred them before he came to *Mentz*, defeated one whole Regiment, cauſed the other to retyre into a wood, and ſent 7. of their Colours in tryumph to the King at *Mentz*. Since this they haue againe paſſed over the *Moſell*, and cauſed the *Rhine-graue* to retreat; but without any conſiderable loſſe, and hearing that the Kings Army was comming towards them, are gone back once more. The King of *Bohemia* arrived on Friday about ten a clocke; is received with great joy and acclamations of the people whereſoeuer he paſſeth.

From Delfe *the* 10. *of March.*

The King of *Sweden* goes well on; the *French* King hath let the Duke of *Bavaria* and the three great Biſhops and others know, that if they doe not renounce the houſe of *Auſtria*, and their league, reſtore all honors, lands, and townes to the late diſtreſſed and oppreſſed Princes, and others: quit their Armies to the King of *Sweden*, and pay them; and render ſuch Townes and Forts as he ſhall demaund; he will not onely leaue mediating for them, but will aſſiſt the King of *Sweden* againſt them.

The ſaid King of *Sweden* hath called an Aſſembly of the States of *Germany* at *Franckford* on the *Maine*, inſtantly after he will be in action ſome where; he is making three Bridges, one over the *Mayne*, one over the *Rhyne*, and the other ouer the *Moſell*.

The King of *Spaine* (our good Friend) is much ſtartled, he may finde too much to doe at home, that he may leaue others to themſelues.

Fi

From Overland the 12. of February.

The Imperiall Army is ſtill at *Gingen* in the juriſdiction of *Heydenheym*, is about to march (as the rumor goes) to *Franconia*. To this end the Commiſſary *Oſſa* is broke up from *Augsburg*, and cauſeth all the Ordnance & Munition, to be convayed from *Augſpurgh* to *Donawert*. The Army which ſtill goes under the name of *Tilly*, will alſo breake up ere long, and abandon the whole Country of *Wurtzburg*: in which Country, they are much terrified for feare of the *Swediſh* forces. Many of the Inhabitants flye thence, and tranſport their moveables and goods into *Switzerland*. As preſent tydings relate, the *Swediſh* have alſo taken *Elwang*, and convoyd the Guarriſon to *Dunkerſpiil*, whither the *Swediſh* are now marching to aſſault the ſame Towne alſo.

From Franconia the 14. Dito.

The 8. of this Moneth, the Field-Marſhall *Guſtavus Hoorn*, did incorporate *Hooghſtadt*, at the taking whereof, the Major was wounded, and ſome of the ſouldiers ſlaine, 300. of the Garriſon have betaken themſelves into the ſayd Field-Marſhals ſervice. While this place was beſieged, the Imperialiſts 500. foot, and 500. horſe, under the command of the Commander *Deſpagni*, came out of *Forcheim*, and on the other ſide of the *Eyſch*, they came towards the horſemen of *Solms*, which were thereabout, thinking to relieve *Hooghſtadt*. But the *Solmiſh* forces being but three companies in all, they called upon the Commander *Rochetzky*, for ayd and purſued the Imperialiſts: but they could not get them to battaile untill they came within a mile from *Forchiem*, where the foot-forces of the Imperialiſts were conſtrained to ſtand, whereupon there ſome of them lay in ambuſh neare unto a Village, the reſt betooke themſelues upon the Church-yard in the Village, by which advantageous meanes, they waited for the comming of the *Swediſh*, and fought with them very ſtoutly. In this skirmiſh beſides ſome ordinary ſoldiers were ſlain two Lieutenants, and 3. Cornets, forty or fifty horſemen ſorely wounded, and two Ritmaſters of the *Swediſh*.

In this encounter it fell out worſe for the *Swediſh* at the firſt, but afterward they gained the better of it, for after the *Rochtezky* (who was ſhot in one of his armes) was reſcued by his Lieutenant, they fell on with a renewed courage, and utterly defeated the *Imperialiſts*, chaſed them out of the Village, and ſlew abundance of them both horſe and foote.. By reaſon of this defeate the *Imperialiſts* preſently pillaged *Bambergh* and forſooke the ſame, notwithſtanding that they were 2000. ſtrong. *Forcheym* muſt alſo yeeld ere it be long, for they are already prouiding for their departure,

The whole Biſhopricke of *Bambergh* were hereupon conſtrayned to come to an agreement with the ſaid field-marſhall *Guſtauus Horne*, and to yeeld him 400000. Ryx-dollers.

Wee doe at this inſtant underſtand that *Forcheym* is yeelded, there remaines no more now but onely *Crouniach* in that Biſhopricke which is not yet taken, but doubtleſſe will bee ere long.

From Berlin *the* 16. *Dito.*

The Commander *Gram* who was Governor of *Wiſmar* by reaſon of his infidelitie and treachery is carryed priſoner to *Gripſwald*, his troupes are moſt of them ſcattered and diſperſed, 300. of them are now about *Perelebergh*.

From Francfort *the* 19. *of* February.

His Maieſtie of *Sweden* departed hence upon Munday laſt to *Hnxe*, and as yet reſides there. Captaine *Marara* with his Ancient-bearer, who were taken priſoner at the taking of *Manheym*, and afterward ranſomeds were brought to *Heydelbergh*, and there beheaded through the command of the Governor by reaſon of the loſſe of *Manheym*.

Since the laſt great skirmiſh about the *Honſerugh* in which encounter the Regiment of *Torpaert*, and the Regiment of Count *Iohn* of *Naſſau* onely ſuſtayned the loſſe, the *Rhyne-grave* with 600. horſe hath againe fought with ſome Spaniſh forces

But whereas the Spaniſh were 1800. ſtrong of Horſe and a whole Regiment of Spaniſh lay in ambuſh, the ſaid

ſaid *Rhyne-Graue* was conſtrained to retire with ſome loſſe, leauing behind him the young Earle of *Serbruggen* who was wounded and taken priſoner.

His Maj: of *Sweden* cauſeth two new bridges to bee made: the one over the river Rhyne at *Mentz*; and the other over the River *Maine* at *Coſtum*: All his forces both horſe and foot are now marching to *Ments*.

At *Heydelburgh* very lately happened a moſt greuious and terrible fire which was palbably ſeene three leagues off. The ſame hath done much miſcheife in the Citty, hath ruinated and burnt downe to the very ground ſome of the Cheife buildings, eſpecially hath the ſame done great harme in the Tower named *Glazenen-ſael* and the buildings of *Ottheinrycks*.

At *Spiers* are 600. men vnder the Commander *Horneck*, who requiers more forces vnder his command, and doth dayly augment his troupes. 2000. ſoldiers lately made an excurſions out of *Franckendale*, their intent was to attempt ſomething againſt *Wormes*, but they were driuen back into *Franckendale* by the horſemen of *Wormes*. The beſieged here ſent all their women and children out of *Frankendael*, notwithſtanding they report that they are well prouided with corne and wine. But the Plague is very hote amongſt them.

Vpon the 16. day of this moneth *February*, a Regiment of ſouldiers marched from hence to *Ments*. whether all the *Swediſh* forces muſt reſort. In the Citty of *Ments* a certaine Captaine is impriſoned who had held ſome correſpondencie with the *Spaniſh*.

The Commander *Dubalt* armed his Regiment here in this Citty vppon the 16. of this moneth, beeing 12. Companies of the ſaid Regiment.

Vppon Yeſterday being the 18 of *February*, *Frederick* the *Prince* Elector *Palatine* arriued at *Hanaw* where he wsa worthylie receiued.

Copie of a Letter written by Phillippus Chriſtopher, *Arch-Biſhop of* Trier, *and one of the Princes Electors, ſent vnto the Citty* Trier, *and reſt of his ſubiects from* Hermerſteyn.

I eannot conceale from your Honors, how graciouſly it

hath pleaſed Almighty God to deliuer us and our Byſhopricke, from the apparent, cruell, and fearfull deſtruction, by our terrible enemy the King of *Sweden*, as alſo from the lamentable and vnchriſtian percecution of the *Spaniſh*. By meanes of the Prince Elector of *Bauaria*, who throughthe faithfull, well meaning, & Heroicell meditation, interpoſition & aſſiſttance of his Maj of *France* with the King of *Sweden*, hath not onely for himſelfe but alſo for others, concluded and agreed vppon a Neutrality with the ſaide King of *Sweden*. In which matter we haue not been ſlack or negligent, but with the Godly and Religious aſſiſtſtance of the ſaid his Maieſtie of *France*, obtained ſo much, that the ſaid King of *Sweden* hath declared vs and our *Archbiſhoppricks* to bee neutrall. By which meanes, the Peeres, of the whole *Romiſh* Empire, and all the allyed Chriſtian Potentates, and Republicks, if they pleaſe may live together with more peace and contentment then ever they haue done formerly, and you and they may aſwell by the *Swediſh* as the *Spaniſh* hold your ſelues excuſed.

Now to the end that this Neutralitie may remaine inviolable for vs and ours, and that by that meanes no incumbrance nor miſery may befall vs and our poore ſubjects, the ſaid his Maj: of *France* as interponent, hath proffered his Royall aſſiſtance to vs and all other Catholicks, yea (if need bee) the King of *Spaine* himſelfe alſo. And promiſed us, to afford vs all helpe and aſſiſttance and to take away and remoue all difficulties, and come with their Armies into the Empire to this end.

With theſe things you may comfort and helpe your ſelues, and giue thankes to God for the ſame. And withall pray, that the deed may follow ſo favorable a promiſe, and ſo this great puniſhment which now layes vppon vs, ceaſe. And in the meane time it muſt be your care, that al *Spaniſh* Inſolencies dayly committed, and the perſecutions amongſt vs may be ſhaken off effectually, wherefore you ſhall publiſh and declare in all places the ſaid Neutrality, and withal make knowne that the glory thereof muſt nót bee aſcribed to vs, but onely to God, and the

Prince

Prince Elector of *Bauaria*, who hath beene the meanes to obtaine this Neutrality for himselfe and others.

If now then after all this procurement, any will notwithstanding persecute us, or (as it happened at *Mentz*) if hereafter under pretence of Spanish assistance, our whole Archbyshopricke should chance to fall into the *Swedish* hands, by murdering, burning and pillaging, which God deliver us from, and the Catholicke Religion, should be exterminated; we shall remaine guiltlesse, and the occasioners thereof shall he bound to answer for the same to God, the Popes Holinesse, and all Christian Princes and Potentates. Vnder neath

Philippus Christoper.

These Articles following were delivered up at *Trier*, the 24. day of *January*.

1. The passage at *Cobelenitz* over the bridge to be granted.

2. The strong hold *Hermerstein*, with all the Ordnance, to be delivered up to his Maj. of *Sweden*.

3. The soldiers which lay in Garrison there shall take the oath of fidelity to his sayd Maj.

4. A reasonable competent summe of mony to bee contributed towards the payment of his souldiers.

But the City *Trier* would in no wise condiscend nor yeild to these Articles. And therefore have taken the *Spanish* to assist them, who do incorporate the whole Country, so that all the subjects, & the whole Country doth oppose the Elector.

From Minden *the* 17.

The Armies of the Duke of *Wymeren*, *Bannier*, and my Lord *Hamelton* are now at the *Weser*, their forces have in the jurisdiction of *Wieckesen* surprised sixe Companies of foot forces, which formerly were in Garrison at *Damnitz*, they slew forty of them and tooke the rest Prisoners with their Ensignes.

The *Bremish* have againe taken *Verden*, and blockqued up *Langewell*. The *Swedish* troupes which lately came from *Pienenberg* over the river *Elve*, are joyned to the Duke of

Lunenburg his forces to blocke up *Nienburg*.

From Cullen *the* 16. *of* February.

Our Lords are ſtill at *Franckfort*, they will doubtleſſe obtaine the neutrality, if they will but ſubſcribe to theſe Articles following, propounded to them by his Majeſty of *Sweden*.

1. A Church to be allowed for thoſe of the Confeſſion, of *Auſpurg*, and one for the Reformed Religion.

2. To deſiſt from and renounce the League.

3. To afford his Majeſty free egreſſe and regreſſe with his Army, and to yeild him proviſion for his mony.

4. To contribute 200000. Ryxdollars to his ſaid Maj.

But this City will in no wiſe agree to the ſayd Articles, they will rather ſee what ſhall be the uttermoſt.

Our Prince Elector hath cauſed Proclamations to bee publiſhed throughout his whole jurisdiction, that the Country people ſhould bring their goods and victuals into the City.

The Earle of *Papenheim* is at *Paterborne*, 6. of his Regiments are neare unto *Bielveldt*. As we underſtand he will enquarter his forces again in the Country of *Berg* and *Gulick*, wherefore his troupes are already come to *Ham*.

The Regiment of *Giles de Haze*, which was marching toward the ſayd Earle of *Papenheym*, is beaten back by the Boores in *Marckland*.

Although thoſe of the Proteſtant Religion in this City, thought that by reaſon of the great and ſucceſſefull progreſſe of his Majj. of *Sweden*, no ſuch vigilant eye ſhould be held over them, yet they are not ſo ſecure as they made account they were. For but a few dayes agoe, complaint was made of one whoſe ſervants did but ſing Pſalmes. Wherefore a great mulct of mony was impoſed upon him. and whereas he refuſed to pay the penalty injoyned, his goods were carried away out of his houſe by an Officer.

From Paris *the* 14. *Dito*.

The Kings Maj. hath divided his Army into two parts, the one being nearer to *Elſatia*, under the command of *Monſier de la* Force: and the other toward *Piccardien*, vnder

under the command of Marſhall *de Scomberg*, which two Armies, are ſtrengthened with 30000. men. The Marquis *de Fiat*, is gone towards their Armies, with 40. tun of gold, and ten tun more are ſent to *Italy*, to the Duke of *Rohan*.

From *Munſter* is written that the Generall *Papenheym* cauſed two Burgemaſters at *Lemgo* to bee hanged at the Gates of the ſayd City, becauſe they did not ſpeedily at his demand, open the ſayd gates for him. Hee is departed thence to *Reda*, where he received the wofull tydings, that two of his Regiments were defeated by the *Weſer*.

The 16. of this month, moſt of the companies in *Breda*, marched to *Herentalls*, they were convoyd with 8. Cornet of horſe. In lieu of theſe, ſome other new levied troups are brought for Garriſon into the ſayd Citie.

From *Vienna the 6. of* February.

Here are certain Commiſſioners ordained, who go about frō houſe to houſe, to enquire what kind of people lurk in this City, and all thoſe that do not ſhelter under ſome good Lord and maſter, are taken up for ſoldiers; for the Army of the Duke of *Freedlandt* is not yet rayſed, wherefore the levying of ſoldiers continues very ſtrongly. The Commander *Diepenbach* hath yielded up his forces to the ſayd Duke, ſo that his Army begins to be very ſtrong. He hath given a ſtrict charge to all his Officers, to have all their Companies compleat againſt the latter end of March.

The *Turke* hath againe done great miſchiefe by an incurſion about *Presburg*, whence he hath taken away captive above 200. Chriſtians.

From Vlm *the* 18: *Dito.*

The Emperiall troupes paſſe by here dayly towards *Bunten*, to open the paſſage, and to bring an ayde of 8000. men, through the ſame into *Germany*. But the French keepe the ſayd paſſage ſtrongly, ſo that there is no poſſibility the ſame ſhall be obtained without the ſpilling of much bloud.

From Brunſwick *the* 20. *Dito.*

The Duke of *Wymeren* hath taken *Goſlaer*, with an extraordinary ſtratagem, which Citty he required to pay

100000.

100000. Rixdollars, to be freed from pillaging. Where upon, the Councell in all haſte layd downe 10000. Rix dollars and proffered all manner of good love and uſage, ſo that they eſcaped the pillage. The Duke and General *Bannier*, preſently left the City, and layd a thouſand ſouldiers in Garriſon.

From Franconia *the* 13.

The Biſhop of *Bamberg* aſſembles ſome thouſands of men together in the upper Palatinate, to relieve *Forcheim*. The Duke of *Bavaria*, gets alſo many forces together, to hinder the proceedings of the Duke of *Saxony*, in thoſe parts.

From Hildeſheim *the* 19.

All theſe parts are taken up with *Swediſh* troupes, inſomuch, that the Imperialiſts for very feare have left and abandoned *Boeskelen*, *Toesken*, *Brunnan*, *Lawenſteyn*, *Allefelde*, *Pladſen*, *Patenes*, and *Saeſteden*. *Levenberg* is alſo yielded up by agreement, and yeſterday, the City *Pyrm* was alſo rendred. But the Caſtle holds out ſtill, whence they caſt fireballes continually, and are reſolved to defend themſelves to the laſt caſt. To morrow let *Marienburg* and *Steinwalde* looke to themſelves for they muſt either ſuffer or come to compoſition.

All places hereabouts are full of fugitive Popiſh Prieſts, Moukes, Fryers, &c. For they are baniſhed by the Duke of *Brunſwick*, who places Proteſtant Preachers in their roomes.

The Swediſh in the laſt noted expedition, tooke at leaſt 400. Priſoners, of *Papenheyms* ſouldiers, and many Enſignes with very rich booty.

Liber. 11.

FINIS.